5. Answer the following questions according to reality: (Valoración total: 1,50 puntos).
   1. What are your friends doing now? (0,25 puntos).
   2. If you won the lottery, what would you do? (0,25 puntos).
   3. How many people are there in your family? (0,25 puntos).
   4. What are you going to do tomorrow? (0,25 puntos).
   5. Which sports do you practise? (0,25 puntos).
   6. Can you describe your flat? (0,25 puntos).

6. Talk to Helen on the telephone. She’s in Los Angeles: (Valoración total: hasta 1´50 puntos)
   Kelly: Hi! It’s really hot here. What’s your weather like?
   You: ______________________________________
   Kelly: Is it? And where are you now? What are you doing?
   You: ______________________________________
   Kelly: Really? What’s your routine like now? Do you get up early every day?
   You: ______________________________________
   Kelly: Is that so? What time do you go to bed?
   You: ______________________________________
   Kelly: I like walking along the beach on Santa Monica on Sundays. What do you like doing?
   You: ______________________________________
   Kelly: Well, enjoy your lesson! Bye!
   You: ______________________________________

7. Write a short composition (5-10 lines) on one of the following topics: (Valoración total: hasta 1´50 puntos).
   a) Your favourite book or film.
   b) Your life when you were a child.

---

PRUEBAS LIBRES PARA LA OBTENCIÓN DIRECTA DEL TÍTULO DE GRADUADO EN EDUCACIÓN SECUNDARIA OBLIGATORIA POR LAS PERSONAS MAYORES DE 18 AÑOS (Convocatoria junio 2010).

~

ÁMBITO DE COMUNICACIÓN
Lengua extranjera: Inglés

CRITERIOS DE CALIFICACIÓN:
1. La suma total de la puntuación de esta prueba es de 10 puntos. En el enunciado de cada pregunta se expresa su puntuación total. Si cada pregunta consta de varios ítems, la puntuación de cada uno figura al lado.
2. En la redacción se valorará positivamente la fluidez de vocabulario, la correcta construcción de las frases, la coherencia y la cohesión.
3. Las preguntas de libre respuesta deberán ser contestadas con oraciones completas.
4. La calificación del ámbito de Comunicación será global, en una escala de 1 a 10. Para considerar apto a un aspirante en este ámbito deberá obtener un 5 en la nota global que se calculará ponderando el 60% la nota de la prueba de Lengua castellana y literatura y el 40% la nota de Lengua extranjera. No obstante, deberá alcanzarse una nota equivalente a un 4 como mínimo en cada parte de la prueba para que se pueda hacer la nota media.

INSTRUCCIONES PARA LA REALIZACIÓN DE LA PRUEBA
Durante la realización de la prueba tenga sobre la mesa su DNI/NIE o Pasaporte. Sólo se admiten pruebas escritas con bolígrafo azul o negro.
No se permite el uso de diccionarios.
- THAILAND-

Thailand is a beautiful country with a rich culture, just south of China. People call it the jewel of south-east Asia for a good reason. Its tropical climate, with sandy beaches and ancient temples make it a perfect holiday destination. What makes it really special, though, is its people.

Thai people are good-looking. They are short with delicate features. They have got black hair, dark eyes and light brown skin. The Thais are friendly people who are well-known for being generous and kind. “We are a happy people who have strong wills and are specially proud of our history”, says Kasem from Bangkok.

Most people in Thailand live in villages. A typical Thai village consists of wooden houses, a school and a Buddhist temple. Most of the people in the villages are farmers and fishermen. The men usually work in the fields or catch fish in the rivers, and the women plant the crops.

Family life is very important in Thailand, and families often eat together. Thai food is very spicy and includes curries, fish, seafood, soups and noodles. “We eat rice with our meals and use a lot of strong spices in our cooking”, explains Kasem.

Thai people love to enjoy themselves. Popular free-time activities include Thai boxing and watching traditional dance shows. Thais also celebrate many festivals throughout the year. “My favourite holiday is Surin, in November, when we always have elephant football matches”, says Kasem.

Thailand is a wonderful country. Its fascinating sights, rich cultural history and warm-hearted people make it unique.

From Elementary Coursebook Enterprise, Express Publishing.

1. Read the text and answer the following questions about it: (Valoración total: 1’25 puntos)
   a) Where is Thailand? (0,25 puntos).
   b) What do Thais look like? (0,25 puntos).
   c) What do people do in villages? (0,25 puntos).
   d) What do they do in their free time? (0,25 puntos).
   e) Why is Thailand a unique country? (0,25 puntos).

2. Write the following sentences in the negative and interrogative forms: (Valoración total: 1’50 puntos).
   a) Most people in Thailand live in villages. (0,50 puntos).
   b) Tony visited Thailand last summer. (0,50 puntos).
   c) You should come to Thailand with me. (0,50 puntos).

3. Write in English: (Valoración total: 1’50 puntos).
   1. ¿Te gusta jugar al fútbol? Sí. (0,25 puntos).
   2. Compré algunos libros la semana pasada. (0,25 puntos).
   3. ¿Viviréis en Londres el año que viene? No. (0,25 puntos).
   4. Deberías estudiar más. (0,25 puntos).
   5. Nunca hemos comido en este restaurante. (0,25 puntos).
   6. ¿Qué vas a hacer el fin de semana? Voy a ir a Madrid con mi familia. (0,25 puntos).

4. Choose the right modal verb: (Valoración total: 1,25 puntos)
   1. I’m Italian, so I ______ (can/can’t/should) speak Italian. (0,25 puntos).
   2. We ______ (must/mustn’t/can) talk when we are taking a test. (0,25 puntos).
   3. Our computer is slow. We ______ (shouldn’t/should/t’can) buy a new one. (0,25 puntos).
   4. It’s late. We ______ (can/mustn’t/should) go home now. (0,25 puntos).
   5. It’s very cold. You ______ (mustn’t/t’can/should) go out now. (0,25 puntos).
- THAILAND-
Thailand is a beautiful country with a rich culture, just south of China. People call it 'the jewel of south-east Asia' for a good reason. Its tropical climate, with sandy beaches and ancient temples make it a perfect holiday destination. What makes it really special, though, is its people. Thai people are good-looking. They are short with delicate features. They have got black hair, dark eyes and light brown skin. The Thais are friendly people who are well-known for being generous and kind. "We are a happy people who have strong wills and are specially proud of our history", says Kasem from Bangkok.
Most people in Thailand live in villages. A typical Thai village consists of wooden houses, a school and a Buddhist temple. Most of the people in the villages are farmers and fishermen. The men usually work in the fields or catch fish in the rivers, and the women plant the crops.

Family life is very important in Thailand, and families often eat together. Thai food is very spicy and includes curries, fish, seafood, soups and noodles. "We eat rice with our meals and use a lot of strong spices in our cooking", explains Kasem. Thai people love to enjoy themselves. Popular free-time activities include Thai boxing and watching traditional dance shows. Thais also celebrate many festivals throughout the year. “My favourite holiday is Surin, in November, when we always have elephant football matches”, says Kasem.

Thailand is a wonderful country. Its fascinating sights, rich cultural history and warm-hearted people make it unique.

From *Elementary Coursebook Enterprise*, Express Publishing.

1. Read the text and answer the following questions about it:
   (Valoración total: 1’25 puntos)
   a) Where is Thailand? (0,25 puntos).
   b) What do Thais look like? (0,25 puntos).
   c) What do people do in villages? (0,25 puntos).
   d) What do they do in their free time? (0,25 puntos).
   e) Why is Thailand a unique country? (0,25 puntos).

2. Write the following sentences in the negative and interrogative forms:
   (Valoración total: 1’50 puntos).
   a) Most people in Thailand live in villages. (0,50 puntos).
   b) Tony visited Thailand last summer. (0,50 puntos).
   c) You should come to Thailand with me. (0,50 puntos).

3. Write in English:
   (Valoración total: 1’50 puntos).
   1. ¿Te gusta jugar al fútbol? Sí. (0,25 puntos).
   2. Compré algunos libros la semana pasada. (0,25 puntos).
   3. ¿Viviréis en Londres el año que viene? No. (0,25 puntos).
   4. Deberías estudiar más. (0,25 puntos).
   5. Nunca hemos comido en este restaurante. (0,25 puntos).
   6. ¿Qué vas a hacer el fin de semana? Voy a ir a Madrid con mi familia. (0,25 puntos).

4. Choose the right modal verb:
   (Valoración total: 1,25 puntos)
   1. I’m Italian, so I ______ (can/can’t/should) speak Italian. (0,25 puntos).
   2. We ______ (must/mustn’t/can) talk when we are taking a test. (0,25 puntos).
   3. Our computer is slow. We ______ (shouldn’t/shouldn’t/can’t) buy a new one. (0,25 puntos).
   4. It’s late. We ______ (can/should/mustn’t) go home now. (0,25 puntos).
   5. It’s very cold. You ______ (mustn’t/t/can/should) go out now. (0,25 puntos).
5. Answer the following questions according to reality: (Valoración total: 1,50 puntos).

1. What are your friends doing now? (0,25 puntos).
2. If you won the lottery, what would you do? (0,25 puntos).
3. How many people are there in your family? (0,25 puntos).
4. What are you going to do tomorrow? (0,25 puntos).
5. Which sports do you practise? (0,25 puntos).
6. Can you describe your flat? (0,25 puntos).

6. Talk to Helen on the telephone. She’s in Los Angeles: (Valoración total: hasta 1,50 puntos)

Kelly: Hi! It’s really hot here. What’s your weather like?
You: ____________________________
Kelly: Is it? And where are you now? What are you doing?
You: ____________________________
Kelly: Really? What’s your routine like now? Do you get up early every day?
You: ____________________________
Kelly: Is that so? What time do you go to bed?
You: ____________________________
Kelly: I like walking along the beach on Santa Monica on Sundays. What do you like doing?
You: ____________________________
Kelly: Well, enjoy your lesson! Bye!
You: ____________________________

7. Write a short composition (5-10 lines) on one of the following topics: (Valoración total: hasta 1,50 puntos).
a) Your favourite book or film.
b) Your life when you were a child.