



PREMIO EXTRAORDINARIO DE BACHILLERATO 2021-2022

PRUEBA DE

LENGUA INGLESA

Criterios generales de calificación:

Se valorará, junto con la corrección de las respuestas, la propiedad del vocabulario y la sintaxis, así como la coherencia y cohesión que estructuran la redacción.

1. Comprensión escrita:

Se valorará la capacidad para:

- Identificar ideas generales y específicas del texto propuesto.
- Adecuar el contenido de las respuestas a las preguntas que se formulan.
- Valerse del contexto para determinar el significado del léxico.

2. Expresión escrita:

Además del contenido se valorará:

- La organización del texto y su coherencia textual y discursiva: uso correcto de conectores lógicos y elementos de cohesión textual, correcta distribución estructural del contenido, etc.
- La propiedad, precisión y riqueza del léxico utilizado.
- La corrección sintáctica, morfológica y ortográfica

Criterios de calificación específicos de la materia:

El ejercicio se valorará con un máximo de 10 puntos, distribuidos del siguiente modo:

QUESTION 1: 1 point

Se obtendrán 0,2 puntos por cada respuesta correcta; $0,20 \times 5 = 1,00$ punto.

QUESTION 2: 2 points

Se obtendrá 1 punto por cada respuesta correcta; $1 \times 2 = 2,00$ puntos.

QUESTION 3: 2 points

Se obtendrán 0,50 puntos por cada respuesta correcta; $0,50 \times 4 = 2,00$ puntos.

En cada caso, los posibles errores sintácticos y morfológicos restarán hasta 0,40 puntos; los posibles errores ortográficos restarán hasta 0,10 puntos.

QUESTION 4: 1 point

Se obtendrán 0,20 puntos por cada respuesta correcta; $0,20 \times 5 = 1,00$ punto.

QUESTION 5: 4 points

La obtención de los cuatro puntos posibles se distribuirá de la siguiente manera:

- Contenido y vocabulario: hasta 1,5 punto
- Calidad de la estructura formal: hasta 1 punto
- Corrección ortográfica, morfológica y sintáctica: hasta 1,5 punto

Especificaciones para la realización del ejercicio

- Las respuestas se realizarán en las mismas hojas que contienen el enunciado
- No está permitido el uso del diccionario

Gun Violence Becomes Leading Cause of Death Among US Youth, Data Shows

By Abené Clayton

Article partially adapted from The Guardian published 23rd April, 2022

Gun violence overtook car accidents as the leading cause of death among children and adolescents in the US in 2020, according to a report from the University of Michigan.

5 An analysis of mortality data from the Centres for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) revealed a nearly 30% increase in gun-related deaths among Americans up to age 19 between 2019 and 2020, the researchers said. These deaths include incidents of suicide, accidental shootings and homicides, with homicides outpacing the other two categories.

10 The number of deaths from car accidents and gun homicides among infants, children and young adults has been growing closer since 2016. Drug overdoses and poisoning increased by more than 80% between 2019 and 2020, the researchers found, to become the third leading cause of death among this demographic.

15 “We knew gun violence had increased but I was surprised by the level of increase for just one year. I can’t remember ever seeing this before.”, said Dr Jason Goldstick

20 The rise in shooting deaths among the nation’s youngest is part of a larger increase in homicides in that same time period. Gun homicides across the US rose 33% in 2020, according to the study. This increase was disparately felt by Black Americans, who despite making up 14% of the US population accounted for nearly half of the nation’s homicide victims, according to FBI data released in the fall of 2021.

25 Although 2020 marked the first year that more children and teens were killed by guns than in car accidents, gun violence has been the number one cause of death among Black teenage boys over 15 for at least a decade, according to CDC data.

And these teens weren’t dying in high profile mass shootings on school campuses or malls. Rather, many of them lost their lives in homes where guns were present and unsecured and in the neighbourhoods they grew up in.

30 “These numbers are horrible, especially because these are such preventable deaths, but until very recently research has been chronically underfunded,” said Goldstick, the University of Michigan researcher. “Our ultimate message is that a public health approach to violence prevention can work, but only if you fill in the evidence base and to do that, you need funding.”

Exercise Nº1 (1 point)

Find the word or synonym of the following words in the text

- a) Paragraph 1 – main: _____
- b) Paragraph 2 – exceeding: _____
- c) Paragraph 5 – unevenly _____
- d) Paragraph 7 – what’s more: _____
- e) Paragraph 8 – economic resources: _____

Exercise Nº2 (2 points)

Answer the following questions **using your own words**:

- a) Accordingly to the text, are the guns only used to kill others?
- b) What is the most striking fact about the Black American population?

Exercise Nº3 (2 points)

Rephrase the following sentences using the words given or using the structure requested:

- a) Insert **a relative pronoun** in the following sentence.

“... and in the neighbourhoods they grew up in.”

.....

- b) Rephrase with **“however”**

“Although 2020 marked the first year that more children and teens were killed by guns than in car accidents, gun violence has been the number one cause of death among Black teenage boys over 15 for at least a decade.”

.....



.....
.....
.....

c) Rephrase with “**Despite the fact that ...**” the following sentences.

“... Black Americans, who despite making up 14% of the US population accounted for nearly half of the nation’s homicide victims.”

Despite _____ *the* _____ *fact*
that.....

.....
...

d) Rephrase the following sentence: “Our ultimate message is that a public health approach to violence prevention can work, but you need funding.”

There would have been fewer deaths among young population if
.....

Exercise Nº4 (1 point)

Circle the correct option accordingly to the text: True, False, or Not Mentioned

- a) Deaths in nineteen-year-old youngsters have increased in 30%. T / F / NM
- b) Gun violence has decreased the most in 2021. T / F / NM
- c) If you are a young person, it is more likely for you to die at home than in the street. T / F / NM
- d) For the last ten years more teenage boys have died because of guns than in car accidents. T / F / NM
- e) If you are a white person, the chance of dying because of a gun reduces to 14%. T / F / NM

Exercise Nº5 (4 points)

Composition (90-120 words) Choose one of the two options.



Junta de Castilla y León

Consejería de Educación

- a) The second amendment of the US Constitution establishes the right for the citizens to possess weapons for the preservation of life, liberty and property. From your point of view, what are the pros and cons of this measure?

- b) How would you reduce the number of deaths among the young teenage population in the US?