

PREMIO EXTRAORDINARIO DE BACHILLERATO 2022-2023

PRUEBA DE LENGUA INGLESA

Criterios generales de calificación:

Se valorará, junto con la corrección de las respuestas, la propiedad del vocabulario y la sintaxis, así como la coherencia y cohesión que estructuran la redacción.

1. Comprensión escrita:

Se valorará la capacidad para:

- o Identificar ideas generales y específicas del texto propuesto.
- o Adecuar el contenido de las respuestas a las preguntas que se formulan.
- Valerse del contexto para determinar el significado del léxico.

2. Expresión escrita:

Además del contenido se valorará:

- La organización del texto y su coherencia textual y discursiva: uso correcto de conectores lógicos y elementos de cohesión textual, correcta distribución estructural del contenido, etc.
- o La propiedad, precisión y riqueza del léxico utilizado.
- o La corrección sintáctica, morfológica y ortográfica.

Criterios de calificación específicos de la materia:

El ejercicio se valorará con un máximo de 10 puntos, distribuidos del siguiente modo:

QUESTION 1: 1 point.

Se obtendrán 0,2 puntos por cada respuesta correcta; 0,20 x 5= 1,00 punto.

QUESTION 2: 2 points.

Se obtendrá 1 punto por cada respuesta correcta; 1 x 2= 2,00 puntos.

QUESTION 3: 2 points.

Se obtendrán 0,50 puntos por cada respuesta correcta; 0,50 x 4= 2,00 puntos.

En cada caso, los posibles errores sintácticos y morfológicos restarán hasta 0,40 puntos; los posibles errores ortográficos restarán hasta 0,10 puntos.

QUESTION 4: 1 point.

Se obtendrán 0,20 puntos por cada respuesta correcta; 0,20 x 5= 1,00 punto.

QUESTION 5: 4 points.

La obtención de los cuatro puntos posibles se distribuirá de la siguiente manera:

- Contenido y vocabulario: hasta 1,5 punto.
- Calidad de la estructura formal: hasta 1 punto.
- Corrección ortográfica, morfológica y sintáctica: hasta 1,5 punto.

Especificaciones para la realización del ejercicio

- Las respuestas se realizarán en las mismas hojas que contienen el enunciado.
- No está permitido el uso del diccionario.



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What to Expect From the Job Market in 2023

By Kara Dennison

Article partially adapted from Forbes published 9th January 2023

The global economy is still rocky due to rising interest rates, inflation, and the persistent threat of a recession. As a result, many major corporations continue to announce layoffs and hiring freezes.

Economy is normally understood in terms of labor. If the economy is strong, then so is the job market. When the economy is struggling, workers are anxious to keep their jobs.

However, when economy is considered on a global scale, it's easier to understand how labor market remains strong in certain fields. As some corporations are now implementing mass staff cutbacks, other forward-thinking firms will be eager to grab newly available top talent.

Upskilling has long been a goal for many employers, and 2023 will be the year leaders start taking internal mobility more seriously to keep retention strong. Even if promotions and pay raises aren't in the budget, workers are eager to advance their skills. As a result, leaders will be more willing to promote continuous learning by offering more courses, certifications, and other professional development tools.

Upskilling not only fills in current gaps but also helps businesses avoid recruitment costs. It can also create a more solid succession plan, increasing retention rates when high potential, high performers can see a path forward. Top talented professionals tend to look for companies that are willing to invest in the career growth of their employees.

Another rising labor market trend to keep an eye out for in 2023 is flexibility. While this could be hybrid work schedules or working remotely, more leaders are also taking a serious look at the four-day work week. The four-day work week includes working 40 hours within four days, allowing for three full days off.

The idea behind the four-day workweek is similar to the goal of hybrid work models. Employers want to keep their workers satisfied by offering more flexibility. Employees who have more free time tend to be more productive with their work time.

The four-day workweek also opens the potential for lower turnover rates, higher productivity, less distraction and absences, and an overall increase in morale. The four-day workweek model has been so successful that many workers who are working this schedule currently claim they'll never return to working five days unless given a significant pay raise.



Exercise Nº1 (1 point)

| Find the synonym of the following words in the text: |
|--|
| a) Paragraph 1 – relentless: |
| b) Paragraph 2 – thriving: |
| c) Paragraph 4 – prepared: |
| d) Paragraph 5 – development: |
| e) Paragraph 8 – assert: |
| |
| |
| Exercise N°2 (2 points) |
| Answer the following questions using your own words. Justify your answer. |
| a) According to the text, are all corporations around the world currently implementing layoffs and cutbacks? |
| b) What is the main objective of the four-day workweek? |
| Exercise N°3 (2 points) |
| Rephrase the following sentences using the words given or using the structure requested: |
| a) "As some corporations are now implementing mass staff cutbacks," |
| As mass staff cutbacks |
| |
| b) "Upskilling not only fills in current gaps but also helps businesses avoid recruitment costs." |
| Besides |
| |
| |



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| c) Rephrase the following sentence <u>using a relative pronoun</u> : "Employees who have more free time tend to be more productive with their work time." | | | | |
|---|----|--|--------|--|
| ШС | | ree time tend to be more productive with their work time | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | c) | "many workers who are working this schedule currently claim they'll never return to working five days unless given a significant pay raise." | | |
| many workers who are working this schedule currently claim they'll never return working five days if | | | | |
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| Exercise N°4 (1 point) | | | | |
| Circle the correct option accordingly to the text: True, False, or Not Mentioned | | | | |
| | a) | The global economy is currently quite unstable. | T/F/NM | |
| | b) | Upskilling is starting to be an objective for many businesses. | T/F/NM | |
| | c) | Workers are looking forward to improving their skills as long as | | |
| | | they get better wages. | T/F/NM | |
| | d) | Upskilling helps businesses to decrease the unemployment rate. | T/F/NM | |
| | e) | The four-day workweek implies reducing the amount of hours | | |
| | | employees work within a week. | T/F/NM | |
| | | | | |

Exercise N°5 (4 points)

Composition (120-150 words) Choose one of the two options.

- a) More business leaders are taking a serious look at the four-day workweek. From your point of view, what are the pros and cons of this measure?
- b) How would you increase productivity in the workplace?